

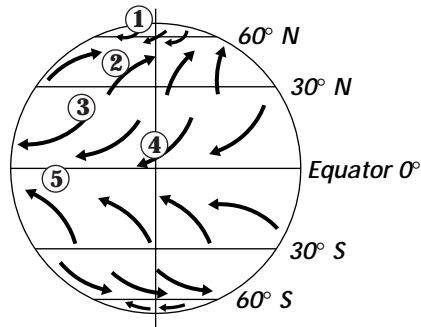
SECTION 2 - 3**REVIEW AND REINFORCE**

Winds

◆ Understanding Main Ideas

Identify the global wind belts and calm areas in the figure below.

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____
4. _____
5. _____



◆ Building Vocabulary

If the statement is true, write true. If it is false, change the underlined word or words to make the statement true.

- _____ 6. A wind is a horizontal movement of air from an area of high pressure to an area of lower pressure.
- _____ 7. Wind speed is measured with a(n) wind vane.
- _____ 8. The increased cooling that a wind can cause is called the Coriolis effect.
- _____ 9. Local winds are winds that blow over short distances.
- _____ 10. The flow of air from an ocean or lake to the land is called a land breeze.
- _____ 11. The flow of air from land to a body of water is called a sea breeze.
- _____ 12. Sea and land breezes over a large region that change direction with the seasons are called global winds.
- _____ 13. Winds that blow steadily from specific directions over long distances are called doldrums.
- _____ 14. The way Earth's rotation makes winds curve is called the prevailing westerlies.
- _____ 15. Bands of high-speed winds about 10 kilometers above Earth's surface are called polar easterlies.